319.0 (6Si-3.5Cu) Aluminum Alloy

- Former designations: 319, Allcast
- Former ASTM: SC64D
- SAE: 326
- UNS number: A03190
- Description: 319 is commonly not heat treated. We typically use 319.1 aluminum alloy. Typical applications for sand casting 319 are a wide variety of structural castings for engine parts, engine crankcases, gas and oil pans, and general commercial applications.

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Designations & nominal compositions of common aluminum alloys used for sand casting

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>AA Number</th>
<th>Former AA designations</th>
<th>Former ASTM number</th>
<th>Cu</th>
<th>Mg</th>
<th>Mn</th>
<th>Si</th>
<th>Others</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>319.0</td>
<td>319, Allcast</td>
<td>SC64D</td>
<td>3.50</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>6.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Characteristics of common aluminum alloys used in sand casting

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Alloy</th>
<th>Fluidity</th>
<th>Resistance to hot cracking</th>
<th>Pressure tightness</th>
<th>Heat Treatment</th>
<th>Strength at elevated temperatures</th>
<th>General corrosion resistance</th>
<th>Machining</th>
<th>Polishing</th>
<th>Anodizing Apperance</th>
<th>Weldability</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>319.0</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Optional</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Characteristics are comparatively rated from 1 to 5; 1 is the highest or best possible rating.

Alloy | Uses
---|---
319.0 | Engine crankcase covers, electrical boxes, gear boxes

Typical Tensile Properties for separately cast test bars of common aluminum casting alloys

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Alloy</th>
<th>Temper</th>
<th>Tensile strength</th>
<th>Yield strength</th>
<th>Shear strength</th>
<th>Compressive yield strength</th>
<th>Elongation %</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Mpa</td>
<td>ksi</td>
<td>Mpa</td>
<td>Mpa</td>
<td>Mpa</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>319.0</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>185</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>125</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>150</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>319.0</td>
<td>T6</td>
<td>250</td>
<td>36</td>
<td>165</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>200</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Other Aluminum Specs:

- A356
- C355
- 535
- 713
Footnotes:

(a) For all Alcoa casting alloys, the following data apply: (a) Young’s modulus of elasticity may be taken as 10,300,000 pounds per square inch (710 gram-pascals); (b) Modulus of rigidity may be taken as 3,800,000 pounds per square inch (262 gram-pascals); (c) Poisson’s ratio is 33; (d) Bearing strength is equal to 1.8 times tensile strength, provided edge distance, in direction of stressing, is not less than twice the diameter of the hole.

(b) Relative ratings of general corrosion resistance 1 through 5 are in decreasing order of merit, based on exposures to sodium chloride solution intermittent spray or immersion. Relative ratings of resistance to stress corrosion cracking are based on service experience and on laboratory tests of specimens exposed to the 3.5 percent sodium chloride alternate immersion test. A – No known instance of stress corrosion cracking in service when properly manufactured; B – Stress corrosion cracking not anticipated in service from residual stresses or from design and assembly stresses kept below about 45 percent of the minimum guaranteed yield strength given in applicable specifications; C – Stress corrosion failures have occurred in service with either the specific alloy and temper or with alloys and tempers of this type. Designers should be aware of the potential stress corrosion cracking problem that exists when using these alloys and tempers under adverse conditions.

(c) Composite rating based on ease of cutting, chip characteristics, quality of finish and tool life. 1 – indicates best; 5 – indicates not recommended

(d) Based on ability of alloy to be fusion welded prior to heat treatment with filler rod of same alloy. 1 – indicates best; 5 – indicates welding not recommended

(e) Yield strength is the stress at which the material exhibits a permanent set of 0.2 percent.

(f) For die casting alloys, 1/4 inch (6.35 mm) diameter.

(g) Shearing strengths are single-shear values obtained from double-shear tests.

(h) Fatigue endurance values are based on withstanding 500 million cycles of completely reversed stress using the R.R. Moore type of machine and specimen.

(i) Mechanical properties are obtained on separately cast ASTM specimens. Since minimum guaranteed values vary with the applicable specifications, they are not given on this table.

(j) From tests made approximately 30 days after casting.

(k) Castability is rated on a scale of 1 through 5, in which higher numbers indicate lower merit. For sand and permanent-mold alloys, the ratings take into account resistance to hot cracking, fluidity and feeding ability. For die castings, the resistance to hot cracking, fluidity, die soldering and cast surface finish are considered. Even the alloys with the lowest rating of 5 may be successfully used with the proper techniques to produce commercial castings.

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